







Cardi-OH ECHO What's New in Cardiovascular Prevention? A Series of Case-Based Discussions

September 15, 2022



Cardi-OH ECHO Team

FACILITATOR

Goutham Rao, MD Case Western Reserve University

DIDACTIC PRESENTERS

Liz Beverly, PhD Ohio University

Goutham Rao, MD Case Western Reserve University

CONTENT EXPERTS

Kristen Berg, PhD Case Western Reserve University

Danette Conklin, PhD Case Western Reserve University

Adam Perzynski, PhD Case Western Reserve University

James Werner, PhD Case Western Reserve University

Jackson Wright, MD, PhD Case Western Reserve University Marilee Clemons, PharmD University of Toledo

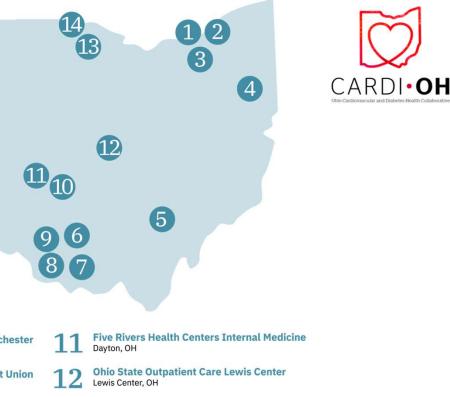
Kathleen Dungan, MD, MPH The Ohio State University

Chris Taylor, PhD The Ohio State University

Karen Bailey, MS, RDN, LD, CDCES Ohio University

Liz Beverly, PhD Ohio University

Fall 2022 Cardi-OH ECHO Participant Sites



- 1 University Hospitals MacDonald Women's Hospital Cleveland, OH
- 2 MetroHealth Cleveland Heights Medical Center Cleveland Heights, OH
- 3 MetroHealth Bedford Medical Office Bedford, OH
- SRMC Internal Medicine Center Salem, OH
- 5 OhioHealth Physician Group Heritage College Athens, OH

- 6 ACRMC Family Medicine Winchester Winchester, OH
- ACRMC Family Medicine West Union West Union, OH
- 8 ACRMC Family Medicine Georgetown Georgetown, OH
- 9 ACRMC Family Medicine Mt. Orab Mt. Orab, OH
- 10 Five Rivers Health Centers Family Health Center Dayton, OH
- 3 University of Toledo Comprehensive Clinics Toledo, OH
- 14 University of Toledo Comprehensive Care Center Family Medicine Clinic Toledo, OH

Disclosure Statement of Financial Interest



- The following speakers have a relevant financial interest or affiliation with one or more organizations that could be perceived as a real or apparent conflict of interest in the context of the subject of their presentation.
 - Marilee Clemons, PharmD; Danette Conklin, PhD; Kathleen Dungan, MD, MPH; Adam T. Perzynski, PhD; Goutham Rao, MD; Christopher A. Taylor, PhD, RDN, LD, FAND*
- The remaining speakers have no financial relationships with any commercial interest related to the content of this activity.
 - Karen Bailey, MS, RDN, LD, CDCES; Kristen Berg, PhD; Elizabeth Beverly, PhD; James Werner PhD, MSSA; Jackson Wright, MD, PhD
- The following members of the planning committee DO NOT have any disclosures/ financial relationships from any ineligible companies.
 - Shari Bolen, MD; Richard Cornachione; Carolyn Henceroth; Gillian Irwin; Michael Konstan, MD; Elizabeth Littman; Devin O'Neill; Steven Ostrolencki; Ann Nevar; Claire Rollins; Catherine Sullivan

* These financial relationships are outside the presented work.

** For more information about exemptions or details, see: www.acme.org/standards

Person-Centered Language Recommendations



Liz Beverly, PhD

Professor

Co-Director of the Diabetes Institute Osteopathic Heritage Foundation Ralph S. Licklider, D.O. Endowed Professor in Behavioral Diabetes Department of Primary Care Ohio University of Heritage College of Osteopathic Medicine

Person-Centered Language Recommendations

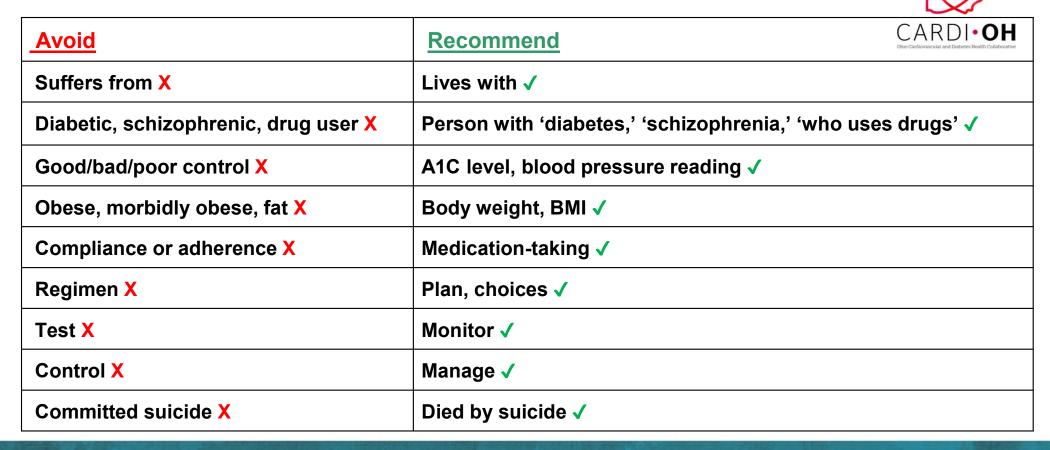
The ADA and the APA recommend language that emphasizes inclusivity and respect:

- <u>Gender</u>: Gender is a social construct and social identity; use term "gender" when referring to people as a social group. Sex refers to biological sex assignment; use term "assigned sex" when referring to the biological distinction.
- <u>Race</u>: Race is a social construct that is used broadly to categorize people based on physical characteristics, behaviors, and geographic location. Race is not a proxy for biology or genetics. Examining health access, quality, and outcome data by allows the healthcare system to assist in addressing the factors contributing to inequity.
- <u>Sexual Orientation</u>: Use the term "sexual orientation" rather than "sexual preference" or "sexual identity." People choose partners regardless of their sexual orientation; however, sexual orientation is not a choice.
- **Disability**: The nature of a disability should be indicated when it is relevant. Disability language should maintain the integrity of the individual. Language should convey the expressed preference of the person with the disability.
- <u>Socioeconomic Status</u>: When reporting SES, provide detailed information about a person's income, education, and occupation/employment. Avoid using pejorative and generalizing terms, such as "the homeless" or "poor."
- **<u>Violent Language</u>**: Avoid sayings like 'killing it,' 'pull the trigger,' 'take a stab at it,' 'off the reservation,' etc.

Flanagin A et al., 2021, JAMA; Dickinson JK et al., Diabetes Care, 2017; American Psychological Association, 2021; ODM, 2021.



Diabetes Language Recommendations



Home Blood Pressure Monitoring



Goutham Rao, MD, FAHA

Chief Clinician Experience and Well-Being Officer, University Hospitals Health System Jack H. Medalie Endowed Professor and Chairman Department of Family Medicine and Community Health Division Chief, Family Medicine, Rainbow Babies and Children's Hospital Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine & University Hospitals Cleveland Medical Center



Learning Objectives

1. List a minimum of 3 indications for home BP monitoring.

2. List advantages and disadvantages of home BP monitoring compared with clinic-based monitoring

3. Describe where and how patients can obtain home BP monitors.

My Own Experience



- PI, Improving Diagnosis of Hypertension in Children (IDHC) – AHRQ
- PI, Center to Improve Clinical Diagnosis

Video Clip





Every patient with hypertension should be measuring BP at home



- Home BP monitoring (HBPM) better correlated with 24-hour ABPM and cardiovascular morbidity.
- HBPM encourages patient-centered care.
- HBPM improves patient outcomes.
- HBPM devices are inexpensive and widely available. (Roughly 2/3rds of patients with hypertension already have a device.)
- HBPM devices are easy to use.
 - <u>https://youtu.be/rAwliNWe1bI</u>
 - Text link to a patient's cell phone at the time of prescribing HBPM.
- Consistent with remote care.
- Promotes health equity.



Health Equity

RESEARCH ARTICLE HEALTH EQUITY HEALTH AFFAIRS > VOL. 37, NO. 3: ADVANCING HEALTH EQUITY

Promoting Health Equity And Eliminating Disparities Through Performance Measurement And Payment

Andrew C. Anderson, Erin O'Rourke, Marshall H. Chin, Ninez A. Ponce, Susannah M. Bernheim, and Helen Burstin

AFFILIATIONS ∨

https://doi.org/10.1377/hlthaff.2017.1301

Leading health care organizations have demonstrated promising findings using interventions designed to reduce disparities between different groups and improve the care and outcomes of at-risk populations. For example, Aetna collaborated with the Morehouse School of Medicine and Health & Technology Vector Inc. to implement a high-intensity, multimodal, culturally competent disease management program for African Americans insured by Aetna to achieve and maintain blood pressure control. The intervention consisted of telephonic lifestyle and diet counseling by trained nurses, along with the use of home blood pressure monitoring devices. The program increased the frequency of self-monitoring for African Americans and improved systolic hypertension control by 50 percent. The program could likely be applied to African Americans enrolled in other private health plans.³⁰



Indications

- AHA Deliberately Broad
 - Identifying white coat hypertension; masked hypertension (confirmatory diagnosis)
 - As an alternative to ABPM
 - Monitoring/medical decision making
 - Empowerment



How

- 2 readings each in AM and PM for a minimum of 3, and preferably 7 days.
- Most devices will store and average values.

Clinic	HBPM	Daytime ABPM	Nighttime ABPM	24-Hour ABPM
120/80	120/80	120/80	100/65	115/75
130/80	130/80	<mark>130/80</mark>	110/65	125/75
140/90	135/85	135/80	120/70	130/80
160/100	145/90	145/90	140/85	145/90
ABPM = ambulatory blood pressure monitoring.; BP = blood pressure; DBP = diastolic blood pressure;				

SBP = systolic blood pressure; HBPM = home blood pressure monitoring

2017 ACC/AHA Guideline

Muntner P, et. al. Rationale for ambulatory and home blood pressure monitoring thresholds in the 2017 American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association guideline. Hypertension. 2018;73:33–38

Durable Equipment Providers

DME Providers for Ordering BP Monitors

Edgepark (SW, NW, CSW, NE, and MyCare) Ph: 1-800-321-0591 or 1-844-564-1007 for the CM support line Fax: 330-963-6172 (use the Edgepark Order form) Email: cmsupport@edgepark.com

Home Care Delivered (NE) https://www.hcd.com/healthcare-professionals/ Click the "Submit A Referral Form" button on the homepage

Crosby's Drugs (CSW)

2609 N High St Columbus, OH 43202 Ph: 614-263-9424 Fax: 614-263-2929

Advanced Home Medical (CSW)

6665 Huntley Rd Columbus, OH 43229 Ph: 614-433-9011 Fax: 614-433-9013

Dasco (CSW)

375 N. West St Westerville, OH 43082 Ph: 614-901-2226 Fax: 614-901-2228

The Drug Store Pharmacy (CSW) 2940 Groveport Rd. Columbus, OH 43207 Ph: 614-491-3446 Fax: 614-409-3272

McKesson Patient Care Solutions (CSW) Ph: 1-855-404-6727 Fax: 1-800-749-0711 Email: MPCSOrders@McKesson.com

Hocks Medical (MyCare team) 732 W. National Rd. Vandalia, OH 45377 Ph: 937-898-5536 Fax: 937-890-0327

An example of one approach to writing the prescription:

Validated [Enter Manufacturer name] home blood pressure monitor with arm cuff and memory. Code: A4670



Implementing Home Blood Pressure Monitoring:

Pearls for Clinicians Centributing satilizes on behalf of Years Beet Practices: Jackson T. Milglet Jr, HD, PMD, Case Western Reserve University Shart Bolen, MD, HPH, Case Western Reserve University

UPDATED AUDUST 2023

Home blood pressure monitoring (HBPM) is recommended by most current national and international hypertension guidelines, HRPM in patients trained in their use is more accurate than office readings and has the potential to identify white coat and masked hypertension This deliverable will provide key "pearls" to implement HBPM in your practice.



Cardi-Oktarg | Implementing None Blood Pressure Manituring |

CARDI-OH

To accurately rely on home blood pressure (BP) readings, only order validated home BP monitors

Below are links to validated BP machines and models: British and Irish Hypertension Society (devices costing less than \$65)

- Hypertension Canada
- · Medaval StrideBP
- US Blood Pressure Validated Device Listing

To simplify ordering, choose a brand that validates multiple models so that a specific model number does not have to be prescribed. Learning common validated brands near the medical practice will help ensure patients can pick up a validated BP machine

https://www.cardioh.org/assets/Implementing-Home-Blood-Pressure-Monitoring.pdf



Thank you!

Questions/Discussion