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Opportunities to Improve Hypertension Care Systems



Key Concepts

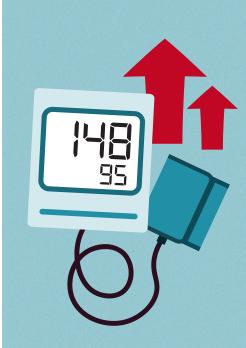
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Hypertension is one of the most important modifiable causes of morbidity and mortality, with a U.S. prevalence of 40% to 60%.^{1,2}

Recent evidence-based hypertension treatment guidelines emphasize processes that result in greater hypertension control. Implementing these guidelines requires resources for accurate hypertension diagnosis and monitoring; changes in care systems that empower a broader team and utilize technology to expand provider capacity; and standardized, evidence-based office treatment protocols.

This resource highlights key concepts from six selected evidence-based opportunities for innovation. To learn more about these system changes, please see the companion resource, *Opportunities to Improve Hypertension Care Systems*.



Whelton PK, Carey RM, Aronow WS, et al. 2017 ACC/AHA/ABA/ABC/ACPM/AGS/APhA/ASH/ASPC/MMA/PCNA duideline for the Prevention, Detection, Evaluation, and Management of High Blood Pressure in Adults: a report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Task Force on Clinical Practice Guidelines. 3 Am Ool Cardiol. 2013;71(2):91:27-284. doi: 10.1016/j.jca.2017.11.006.

^{2.} Benjamin EJ, Blaha MJ, Chiuve SE, et al. Heart disease and stroke statistics-2017 update: a report from the American Heart Association. Circulation. 2017;135(10). doi:10.1161/CIR.00000000000000485.

Standardized Office Blood Pressure (BP) Measurement Protocols with Automated Office BP Devices



Errors in BP measurement are common and usually result in overestimation of BP (up to 50 mmHg systolic). Standard BP measurement (ausculation) is associated with operator bias, quality control challenges, and inefficiency. Single elevated office BP readings are not accurate enough to support treatment decisions. Repeated readings are often lower.

Who Benefits?

- Patients avoid unnecessary diagnostic testing and medication.
- Care teams waste less time measuring blood pressure and responding to inaccurate BP readings. Automated office blood pressure (AOBP) automates rest time and repeat BP measurement for greater accuracy.
- Health care systems experience efficiency and improved outcome measures when falsely elevated BP readings decrease. BP requires less time spent on training, quality control, and BP measurement.

Action Steps and Resources

Team training

- Cardi-OH Guide to Accurate In-Office Blood Pressure Measurement Choose a validated AOBP device
- U.S. Blood Pressure Validated Device Listing
- Hypertension Canada
- Stride BP

Visual cue at BP measurement site

- Cardi-OH The "5 R's" of Accurate Blood Pressure Measurement
- AMA/AHA In-Office Measuring Blood Pressure Infographic

Incorporate two BP readings into the workflow for every patient

At a minimum, ensure that elevated initial BP readings are repeated.

Out-of-Office BP Measurement



Systems that rely on office BP alone will over-diagnose patients with white coat hypertension, under-diagnose those with masked hypertension, and be prone to delays in hypertension diagnosis and treatment (diagnostic and therapeutic inertia).

Who Benefits?

- Patients receive fewer diagnostic errors and require less office visits. Patients are more likely to be engaged in their hypertension management.
- Care teams can use home data to make timely diagnostic and therapeutic decisions.
- **Health care systems** experience improved outcome measures when diagnostic and therapeutic inertia decrease.

Action Steps and Resources

Care team preparation

 Million Hearts - Self Measured Blood Pressure Monitoring: Action Steps for Clinicians

Patient education and support

- Cardi-OH Guide to Accurate Home Blood Pressure Monitoring
- Ohio Department of Medicaid Checking Your Blood Pressure at Home

Validated, upper arm device (preferred over wrist/finger devices)

U.S. Blood Pressure Validated Device Listing

A plan to respond to out-of-office BP readings (clinical support)

 Cardi-OH - Implementing Home Blood Pressure Monitoring: Pearls for Clinicians

Team-Based Care



The acute, chronic, and preventative care of a 2,500 patient panel demands an estimated 18.7 hours out of five days of work. Using trained team members with specialized roles increases clinician capacity and improves outcomes.

Who Benefits?

- Patients are more likely to receive recommended care.
- Care teams enjoy increased satisfaction with their work.
- Health care systems experience improved outcomes and employee engagement.

Action Steps and Resources

Guides on implementing team-based care:

- AMA Steps Forward: Team-Based Care
- Primary Care Team Guide
- AHRQ The Practice Facilitation Handbook

Leveraging Technology



Improvements in hypertension care such as home blood pressure monitoring (HBPM) can come with increased administrative burdens on patients and care teams. Technology, such as Bluetooth-enabled transmission of HBPM data directly to the electronic health record, decreases this burden.

Who Benefits?

- Patients are more likely to benefit from HBPM as care teams are better able to receive HBPM data.
- Care teams avoid the time inefficiency that comes with manual retrieval and processing of HBPM data.
- Health care systems experience improved outcomes in a cost-effective manner.

Action Steps and Resources

- Work with EHR/telemedicine staff to implement HBPM-EHR integration.
- Equip patients with validated automated cuffs with wireless capability.
- Train patients to use smart devices, such as phones and tablets that can receive wireless HBPM data and transmit it to the EHR.
- Cardi-OH Hypertension Management: Tips for Telehealth

Self-Management Support



Unaddressed lifestyle factors contribute to hypertension. Objective measures show incomplete medication adherence in half of patients and no drug being taken in one third of patients. Self-management support, which includes lifestyle behaviors and medication adherence, improves blood pressure control.

Who Benefits?

- Patients have lower blood pressure with less reliance on medication.
- Care team efforts are more effective in engaged patients.
- Health care systems experience improved outcomes and potentially decreased utilization costs.

Action Steps and Resources

Diet

 Cardi-OH - Diet: Guidelines and Recommendations for Improving Cardiovascular Health

Exercise

Cardi-OH - Taking Steps: Exercising to Promote Heart Health

Medication adherence

Cardi-OH - One Simple Step to Improve Medication
Adherence for Blood Pressure Control

Evidence-Based Treatment Algorithms



Only 50% of patients diagnosed with resistant hypertension are receiving optimal medication regimens. Evidence-based treatment algorithms provide clinicians with antihypertensive drug choices proven to be longer acting, better tolerated, and more potent.

Who Benefits?

- Patients are more likely to reach BP targets.
- Care teams have an evidence-based guide to support treatment decisions.
- Healthcare systems experience improved outcomes and less variability in performance through standardization.

Action Steps and Resources

Treatment algorithms

- Cardi-OH Hypertension Drug Treatment Algorithm
- Cardi-OH Hypertension Change Package Algorithm

Utilizing more effective medications

 Cardi-OH - Long-Acting, Low-Cost Medications to Achieve Blood Pressure Targets: Evidence for Chlorthalidone, Amlodipine, and Spironolactone